UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549 FORM 8-K

CURRENT REPORT

PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE **SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

Date of report (Date of earliest event reported): August 5, 2019

Codexis, Inc.

(Exact name of Registrant as Specified in its Charter)

Delaware (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation)

001-34705

(Commission File Number)

71-0872999 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

200 Penobscot Drive Redwood City, CA 94063

(Address of Principal Executive Offices) (Zip Code)

(650) 421-8100

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Not Applicable

(Former Name or Former Address, if Changed Since Last Report)

Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the following provisions (see General Instruction A.2. below):

☐ Written communication pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.4		Written communication	pursuant to Rule 4	425 under the Securities A	ct (17 CFR 230.42
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- Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)
- Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))
- Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of Each Class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of Each Exchange on Which Registered
Common Stock, par value \$0.0001 per share	CDXS	The Nasdaq Global Select Market

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an emerging growth company as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act of 1933 (§230.405 of this chapter) or Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (§240.12b-2 of this chapter).

Emerging growth company □

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. []

Item 2.02. Results of Operations and Financial Condition

On August 6, 2019, Codexis, Inc. (the "Company") announced its financial results for the quarter endedJune 30, 2019. The full text of the press release issued in connection with the announcement is furnished as Exhibit 99.1 to this Current Report on Form 8-K.

The information in Item 2.02 of this Form 8-K (including Exhibit 99.1) shall not be deemed "filed" for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or otherwise subject to the liabilities of that section, nor shall it be deemed incorporated by reference under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, except as expressly set forth by specific reference in such a filing.

Departure of Directors or Certain Officers; Election of Directors; Appointment of Certain Officers; Compensatory Arrangement of Certain Officers.

On August 6, 2019, the Company also announced the appointment of Ross Taylor as the Company's Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer (principal financial and accounting officer), such appointment to be effective on August 19, 2019. Mr. Taylor will replace Gordon Sangster, the Company's Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer, who plans to retire from the Company, effective as of August 27, 2019.

Prior to joining the Company, Mr. Taylor, age 56, served as Chief Financial Officer at Abaxis, Inc. ("Abaxis"), a publicly-traded company focused on diagnostic instruments and consumables for both the veterinary and human healthcare markets, from August 2015 through the sale of the company to Zoetis Inc. on July 31, 2018. Previously, he was Vice President of Business Development and Investor Relations at Abaxis from October 2014 to July 2015. Prior to Abaxis, Mr. Taylor was a healthcare equity research analyst covering healthcare equipment and supplies at CL King & Associates from 2005 to 2014, biotechnology at UBS from 1999 to 2001, healthcare services at Smith Barney from 1996 to 1999, and also served in multiple other roles at other banks and private equity firms. Ross earned a Master of Business Administration degree at Columbia Business School with concentrations in accounting and finance, and a Bachelor's degree in Economics from Duke University.

On August 5, 2019, Mr. Taylor and the Company entered into an offer letter agreement (the "Offer Letter") in connection with his appointment as Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer. The Offer Letter provides Mr. Taylor with an annual base salary of \$400,000 and an annual target bonus of 50% of such base salary upon achievement of specific goals and objectives to be established by the Company's Board of Directors (the "Board"), which bonus for fiscal year 2019 will be prorated based on service during 2019. Subject to the approval of the Board, Mr. Taylor will also be granted an option to purchase 42,285 shares of the Company's common stock (the "Option Award") on or as soon as reasonably practicable after Mr. Taylor's employment start date. The Option Award will have a per share exercise price equal to the per share closing price of the Company's common stock on the date of grant and will vest and become exercisable on the first anniversary of Mr. Taylor's employment start date as to 25% of the shares underlying the Option Award, with the remaining shares vesting and becoming exercisable ratably on a monthly basis over a period of 36 months thereafter, such that the Option Award would be fully vested and exercisable on the fourth anniversary of Mr. Taylor's employment start date, subject to Mr. Taylor's continued service to the Company through each vesting date. The foregoing description of the material terms of the Offer Letter does not purport to be complete and is subject to, and qualified in its entirety by reference to, the complete terms of such agreement, a copy of which will be filed as an exhibit in the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2019.

Also in connection with his appointment as Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer, Mr. Taylor will enter into the Company's standard change of control severance agreement for executives and the Company's standard form of indemnification agreement for executives.

Mr. Taylor does not have any family relationship with any director or other executive officer of the Company, or person nominated or chosen by the Company to become a director or executive officer. In addition, there are no transactions in which Mr. Taylor had or will have a direct or indirect material interest that would be required to be reported under Item 404(a) of Regulation S-K.

Item 9.01. Financial Statement and Exhibits

(d) Exhibits.

Exhibit No.

Exhibit Description

99.1

Press release dated August 6, 2019 relating to the financial results for the quarter ended June 30, 2019

SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

Date: August 6, 2019

CODEXIS, INC.

By:

/s/ Gordon Sangster

Name:

Gordon Sangster

Title:

Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer



Codexis Reports Second Quarter 2019 Financial Results

Product revenue up 68%; R&D revenue spread over wider base of customers and markets

Conference call begins at 4:30 pm Eastern time today

REDWOOD CITY, Calif. (August 6, 2019) - Codexis, Inc. (Nasdaq: CDXS), a leading protein engineering company, announces financial results for the three and six months ended June 30, 2019 and provides a business update.

"Product revenue increased a very solid 68% over the prior-year period with strong contributions from Merck, Urovant Sciences and four additional global Top 25 pharmaceutical customers," said Codexis President and CEO John Nicols. "R&D revenue was spread across an increasingly wider base of customers including Nestlé Health Science, four global Top 25 pharmaceutical customers, and two new customers in two new verticals. We also secured a dedicated R&D project team working with another new global customer targeting an entirely different molecular diagnostics application class for Codexis. R&D revenue for the second quarter of this year would have increased by double digit percent excluding the R&D service revenue from Tate & Lyle in the prior year. Our updated Pipeline Snapshot for the year ending June 30 reinforces our growing and widening base of commercializing protein innovations.

"Additionally, we are delighted with Casdin Capital's \$50 million investment in Codexis, as announced in June. We appreciate their confidence and their recognition of the versatility of our CodeEvolver® platform technology and the value we are creating for our customers," Nicols added. "We ended the second quarter with more than \$93 million in cash and cash equivalents, and have the requisite financial resources to capitalize on a variety of potential growth opportunities in multiple end markets."

Second Quarter Financial Highlights

Codexis is reporting two business segments: the Performance Enzymes segment, which consists of its protein catalyst and enzyme product and service offerings with a focus on pharmaceutical, food, molecular diagnostics and other industrial markets; and the Novel Biotherapeutics discovery and development segment.

Total revenues for the second quarter of 2019 were \$12.3 million, compared with \$13.5 million for the second quarter of 2018. Product revenue was \$6.2 million, up 68% from \$3.7 million for the second quarter of 2018, with the increase reflecting customer demand for enzymes for both generic and branded products. Research and development (R&D) revenue for the second quarter of 2019 was \$6.1 million, compared with \$9.8 million for the prior-year period. The decrease was primarily due to completion in the prior year of services to Tate & Lyle for their sweetener product, partially offset by the revenue recognition of a software license fee from Merck in the second quarter of 2019. R&D revenue for the second quarter of 2019 included \$4.3 million from the Performance Enzymes segment and \$1.7 million from the Novel Biotherapeutics segment. R&D revenue for the second quarter of 2018 included \$7.4 million from the Performance Enzymes segment and \$2.4 million from the Novel Biotherapeutics segment.

Gross margin on product revenue for the second quarter of 2019 was 56%, up from 30% for the second quarter of 2018, with the increase due to product mix.

R&D expenses were \$8.3 million for the second quarter of 2019, compared with \$7.4 million for the second quarter of 2018, with the increase primarily due to higher expenses related to headcount, allocation of occupancy-related costs and increases in lab supplies, partially offset by lower outside services. R&D expenses for the second quarter

of 2019 included \$5.1 million from the Performance Enzymes segment and \$2.9 million from the Novel Biotherapeutics segment. R&D expenses for the second quarter of 2018 included \$4.7 million from the Performance Enzymes segment and \$2.4 million from the Novel Biotherapeutics segment.

Selling, general and administrative (SG&A) expenses for the second quarter of 2019 were \$7.9 million, compared with \$7.4 million for the second quarter of 2018, with the increase primarily due to higher costs associated with facilities and headcount, partially offset by lower stock compensation. SG&A expenses for the second quarter of 2019 included \$2.4 million from the Performance Enzymes segment, \$0.6 million from the Novel Biotherapeutics segment and the remaining portion is included in \$5.1 million in corporate overhead and depreciation and amortization expense. SG&A expenses for the second quarter of 2018 included \$1.7 million from the Performance Enzymes segment, \$0.3 million from Novel Biotherapeutics and the remaining portion is included in \$5.5 million in corporate overhead, depreciation and amortization expense.

The net loss for the second quarter of 2019 was \$6.5 million, or 0.12 per share, compared with a net loss for the second quarter of 2018 of \$3.7 million, or 0.07 per share. Non-GAAP net loss for the second quarter of 2019 was \$4.1 million, or 0.08 per share, compared with a non-GAAP net loss for the second quarter of 2018 of \$1.0 million, or \$0.02 per share. A reconciliation of GAAP to non-GAAP measures is provided below.

Year-to-date Financial Results

Total revenues for the six months ended June 30, 2019 were \$27.9 million, compared with \$27.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2018 and included \$13.7 million in R&D revenue and \$14.2 million in product revenue. R&D revenue for the first six months of 2019 included \$6.4 million from the Performance Enzymes segment and \$7.2 million from the Novel Biotherapeutics segment. R&D revenue for the first six months of 2018 included \$12.0 million from the Performance Enzymes segment and \$5.7 million from the Novel Biotherapeutics segment.

Gross margin on product sales for the first six months of 2019 was 50%, an increase from 35% for the prior-year period, with the increase due to product mix

R&D expenses for the first six months of 2019 were \$16.3 million, compared with \$14.5 million for the first six months of 2018, with the increase primarily due to higher headcount, allocation of occupancy-related costs and increases in lab supplies and depreciation expense, partially offset by a decrease in outside services. R&D expenses for first half of 2019 included \$9.6 million from the Performance Enzymes segment and \$6.2 million from the Novel Biotherapeutics segment. R&D expenses for the first half of 2018 included \$9.8 million from the Performance Enzymes segment and \$4.4 million from the Novel Biotherapeutics segment.

SG&A expenses for the first six months of 2019 were \$16.3 million, compared with \$15.1 million for the first six months of 2018, with the increase due to higher facilities expense and higher headcount, partially offset by lower allocation of occupancy-related costs and a decrease in legal expenses. SG&A expenses for the first half of 2019 included \$4.5 million from the Performance Enzymes segment, \$1.1 million from the Novel Biotherapeutics segment and the remaining portion is included in the \$11.1 million in corporate overhead and depreciation and amortization expense. SG&A expenses for the first half of 2018 included \$3.8 million from Performance Enzymes, \$0.5 million from the Novel Biotherapeutics segment and the remaining portion is included in the \$11.1 million in corporate overhead, depreciation and amortization expense.

The net loss for the six months ended June 30, 2019 was \$11.6 million, or 0.21 per share, compared with a net loss for the six months ended June 30, 2018 of \$8.4 million, or 0.17 per share. Non-GAAP net loss for the first six months of 2019 was \$6.9 million, or 0.13 per share, compared with a non-GAAP net loss for the first six months of 2018 of \$3.5 million, or \$0.07 per share.

Cash and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2019 were \$93.4 million, compared with \$53.0 million as of December 31, 2018. In June 2019, the company raised net proceeds of approximately \$50.0 million pursuant to the sale of 3,048,780 shares of common stock in a private placement with Casdin Capital, LLC.

2019 Financial Outlook

Codexis is affirming its financial guidance for 2019, as follows:

- Total revenues are expected to be \$69 million to \$72 million;
- Product revenues are expected to be \$26 million to \$29 million; and
- Gross margin on product revenues is expected to be 48% to 52%

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

Consolidated financial information has been presented in accordance with GAAP as well as on a non-GAAP basis. On a non-GAAP basis, financial measures exclude the non-cash items depreciation expense and stock-based compensation expense. Non-GAAP financial measures presented are non-GAAP net loss, non-GAAP net loss per share (basic and diluted), non-GAAP R&D expense and non-GAAP SG&A expense. Non-GAAP operating expenses exclude stock-based compensation expense and depreciation of fixed assets.

Codexis management uses these non-GAAP financial measures to monitor and evaluate the Company's operating results and trends on an ongoing basis, and internally for operating, budgeting and financial planning purposes. Codexis management believes the non-GAAP information is useful for investors by offering them the ability to identify trends in what management considers to be Codexis' core operating results and to better understand how management evaluates the business. These non-GAAP measures have limitations, however, because they do not include all expenses that affect Codexis. These non-GAAP financial measures are not prepared in accordance with, and should not be considered in isolation of, or as an alternative to, measurements required by GAAP, and therefore these non-GAAP results should only be used for evaluation in conjunction with the corresponding GAAP measures. A description of the non-GAAP calculations and reconciliation to comparable GAAP financial measures is provided in the accompanying table entitled "Reconciliation of GAAP to Non-GAAP Financial Measures."

Conference Call and Webcast

Codexis will hold a conference call and audio webcast today beginning at 4:30 p.m. Eastern time. A slide presentation featuring an updated Product Pipeline to accompany the conference call commentary is available on the Investors section of the company's website at www.codexis.com. The conference call dial-in numbers are 855-890-8665 for domestic callers and 720-634-2938 for international callers, and the passcode is 1159525. A live webcast of the call will be available on the Investors section of www.codexis.com.

A recording of the call will be available for 48 hours beginning approximately two hours after the completion of the call by dialing 855-859-2056 for domestic callers or 404-537-3406 for international callers. Please use the passcode 1159525 to access the recording. A webcast replay will be available on the Investors section of www.codexis.com for 30 days, beginning approximately two hours after the completion of the call.

About Codexis, Inc.

Codexis is a leading protein engineering company that applies its proprietary CodeEvolver® technology to develop proteins for a variety of applications, including as biocatalysts for the commercial manufacture of pharmaceuticals, fine chemicals and industrial enzymes, and enzymes as biotherapeutics and for use in molecular diagnostics. Codexis' proven technology enables improvements in protein performance, meeting customer needs for rapid, cost-effective and sustainable manufacturing in multiple commercial-scale implementations of biocatalytic processes. For more information, see www.codexis.com.

Forward-Looking Statements

To the extent that statements contained in this press release are not descriptions of historical facts regarding Codexis, they are forward-looking statements reflecting the current beliefs and expectations of management made pursuant to the safe harbor provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, including Codexis' expectations regarding 2019 total revenues, product revenue and gross margin on product revenue, as well as Codexis' expectations regarding its ability to capitalize on potential growth opportunities. You should not place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements because they involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that are, in some cases, beyond Codexis' control and that could materially affect actual results. Factors that could materially affect actual results include, among others: Codexis' dependence on its licensees and

collaborators; Codexis' dependence on a limited number of products and customers; potential adverse effects to Codexis' business if its customers' products are not received well in the markets; Codexis' ability to deploy its technology platform in new market spaces; Codexis' dependence on key personnel; Codexis' ability to compete may decline if it loses some of its intellectual property rights; third party claims that Codexis infringes third party intellectual property rights; Codexis could face increased competition if third parties misappropriate Codexis biocatalysts; the uncertainties inherent in research and the clinical development process, including risks, uncertainties and costs associated with the successful development of biotherapeutic candidates, including obtaining development partners for Codexis' unpartnered biotherapeutic programs and progressing such programs to clinical trials and regulatory approvals; Codexis' dependence on its biotherapeutic licensees and collaborators, including Codexis' dependence on Nestlé Health Science for the successful development and commercialization of CDX-6114; Codexis' biotherapeutic programs are early stage, highly regulated and expensive; the regulatory approval processes of the FDA and comparable foreign authorities are lengthy, time consuming and the results inherently unpredictable: results of preclinical studies and early clinical trials of product candidates may not be predictive of results of later studies or trials: unintended or undesirable side effects of our product candidates could hinder or prevent receipt of regulatory approval; even if regulatory approval is obtained for any products that we develop alone or with collaborators, such products will remain subject to ongoing regulatory requirements and expenses; our biotherapeutic products may face competition in the market; Codexis' dependence on a limited number of products and customers in its biocatalysis business; potential adverse effects to Codexis' business if its customers' pharmaceutical or food products are not received well in the markets; risks, uncertainties and costs associated with the successful development of biotherapeutic candidates, including obtaining development partners for its biotherapeutic programs and progressing such programs to clinical trials and regulatory approvals. Additional information about factors that could materially affect actual results can be found in Codexis' Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") on March 1, 2019 and Form 10-Q filed with the SEC on May 8, 2019, including under the caption "Risk Factors" and in Codexis' other periodic reports filed with the SEC. Codexis expressly disclaims any intent or obligation to update these forward-looking statements, except as required by law.

Investor Contact:

LHA Investor Relations Jody Cain, 310-691-7100 jcain@lhai.com

Financial Tables to Follow

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Codexis, Inc. Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations (Unaudited) (In Thousands, Except Per Share Amounts)

	Three Months	Ended	June 30,	Six Months Ended	Ended June 30,			
	2019		2018	2019	2018			
Revenues:								
Product revenue	\$ 6,249	\$	3,723 \$	14,236 \$	9,886			
Research and development revenue	 6,070		9,815	13,665	17,694			
Total revenues	12,319		13,538	27,901	27,580			
Costs and operating expenses:								
Cost of product revenue	2,772		2,611	7,163	6,436			
Research and development	8,274		7,370	16,290	14,548			
Selling, general and administrative	7,896		7,395	16,311	15,141			
Total costs and operating expenses	18,942		17,376	39,764	36,125			
Loss from operations	 (6,623)		(3,838)	(11,863)	(8,545)			
Interest income	220		174	450	245			
Other expenses, net	(88)		(82)	(211)	(142)			
Loss before income taxes	 (6,491)		(3,746)	(11,624)	(8,442)			
Provision for (benefit from) income taxes	16		(11)	19	(13)			
Net loss	\$ (6,507)	\$	(3,735) \$	(11,643) \$	(8,429)			
Net loss per share, basic and diluted	\$ (0.12)	\$	(0.07) \$	(0.21) \$	(0.17)			
Weighted average common stock shares used in computing net loss per share, basic and diluted	54,954		52,787	54,564	50,598			

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Codexis, Inc. Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets (Unaudited) (In Thousands)

	June 30, 2019	December 31, 2018		
Assets				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 93,421	\$	53,039	
Accounts receivable, net	11,814		11,551	
Unbilled receivables, current	2,336		1,916	
Inventories	720		589	
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	1,950		1,068	
Contract assets	_		35	
Total current assets	110,241		68,198	
Restricted cash	1,749		1,446	
Equity securities	419		588	
Right-of-use assets - Operating leases, net	25,240		_	
Right-of-use assets - Finance leases, net	384		_	
Property and equipment, net	5,312		4,759	
Goodwill	3,241		3,241	
Other non-current assets	207		1,051	
Total assets	\$ 146,793	\$	79,283	
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity	 		<u> </u>	
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$ 2,164	\$	3,050	
Accrued compensation	4,551		5,272	
Other accrued liabilities	4,059		4,855	
Current portion of lease obligations - Operating leases	683		_	
Current portion of lease obligations - Finance leases	183		_	
Deferred revenue	5,851		4,936	
Total current liabilities	 17,491		18,113	
Deferred revenue, net of current portion	3,249		3,352	
Long-term lease obligations - Operating leases	26,147		_	
Long-term lease obligations - Finance leases	_		61	
Lease incentive obligation, net of current portion	_		35	
Other long-term liabilities	1,222		1,416	
Total liabilities	 48,109		22,977	
	 <u> </u>			
Stockholders' equity:				
Common stock	6		5	
Additional paid-in capital	440,795		386,775	
Accumulated deficit	(342,117)			
Total stockholders' equity	· / /		(330,474)	
1 7	98,684	Φ.	56,306	
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 146,793	\$	79,283	

Codexis, Inc. Segmented Information (Unaudited) (In Thousands)

	Three n	nonths ended June 30, 201	9	Three months ended June 30, 2018					
	Performance Enzymes	Novel Biotherapeutics	Total	Performance Enzymes	Novel Biotherapeutics	Total			
Revenues:									
Product revenue	\$ 6,249	\$ —	\$ 6,249	\$ 3,723	\$ —	\$ 3,723			
Research and development revenue	4,340	1,730	6,070	7,442	2,373	9,815			
Total revenues	10,589	1,730	12,319	11,165	2,373	13,538			
Costs and operating expenses:									
Cost of product revenue	2,772	_	2,772	2,611	_	2,611			
Research and development (1)	5,134	2,856	7,990	4,724	2,442	7,166			
Selling, general and administrative	2,362	561	2,923	1,729	304	2,033			
Total segment costs and operating expenses	10,268	3,417	13,685	9,064	2,746	11,810			
Income (loss) from operations	\$ 321	\$ (1,687)	\$ (1,366)	\$ 2,101	\$ (373)	\$ 1,728			
Corporate costs (2)			(4,698)			(5,209)			
Depreciation and amortization			(427)			(265)			
Loss before income taxes			\$ (6,491)			\$ (3,746)			

 $^{^{\}left(1\right)}$ Research and development expenses exclude depreciation and amortization .

⁽²⁾ Corporate costs included unallocated selling, general and administrative expense, interest income, and other income and expenses.

	Six months ended June 30, 2019				Six months ended June 30, 2018					
	Performance Enzymes	Novel Biotherapeutics		Total	Performance Enzymes	Nove	el Biotherapeutics		Total	
Revenues:										
Product revenue	\$ 14,236	\$ —	\$	14,236	\$ 9,886	\$	_	\$	9,886	
Research and development revenue	6,440	7,225		13,665	12,008		5,686		17,694	
Total revenues	20,676	7,225		27,901	21,894		5,686		27,580	
Costs and operating expenses:										
Cost of product revenue	7,163	_		7,163	6,436		_		6,436	
Research and development (1)	9,576	6,172		15,748	9,790		4,374		14,164	
Selling, general and administrative	4,463	1,078		5,541	3,825		450		4,275	
Total segment costs and operating										
expenses	21,202	7,250		28,452	20,051		4,824		24,875	
Income (loss) from operations	\$ (526)	\$ (25)	\$	(551)	\$ 1,843	\$	862	\$	2,705	
Corporate costs (2)				(10,271)					(10,644)	
Depreciation and amortization				(802)					(503)	
Loss before income taxes			\$	(11,624)				\$	(8,442)	

 $^{^{\}left(1\right)}$ Research and development expenses exclude depreciation and amortization .

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⁽²⁾ Corporate costs included unallocated selling, general and administrative expense, interest income, and other income and expenses.

Codexis, Inc. Reconciliation of GAAP to Non-GAAP Financial Measures (Unaudited) (In Thousands, Except Per Share Amounts)

	Three Months Ended June 30,					Six Months E	s Ended June 30,			
		2019		2018	2019			2018		
(i) Research and development expenses										
Research and development expenses - GAAP	\$	8,274	\$	7,370	\$	16,290	\$	14,548		
Non-GAAP adjustments:										
Depreciation expense ^(a)		(261)		(204)		(492)		(384)		
Stock-based compensation(b)		(403)		(567)		(791)		(1,003)		
Research and development expenses - Non-GAAP	\$	7,610	\$	6,599		15,007		13,161		
(ii) Selling, general and administrative expenses										
Selling, general and administrative expenses - GAAP	\$	7,896	\$	7,395		16,311		15,141		
Non-GAAP adjustments:										
Depreciation expense(a)		(112)		(61)		(201)		(119)		
Stock-based compensation(b)		(1,585)		(1,890)		(3,260)		(3,434)		
Selling, general and administrative expenses - Non-GAAP	\$	6,199	\$	5,444		12,850		11,588		
(iii) Net loss										
Net loss - GAAP	\$	(6,507)	\$	(3,735)	\$	(11,643)	\$	(8,429)		
Non-GAAP adjustments:										
Depreciation expense ^(a)		373		265		693		503		
Stock-based compensation(b)		1,988		2,457		4,051		4,437		
Net loss - Non-GAAP	\$	(4,146)	\$	(1,013)	\$	(6,899)	\$	(3,489)		
(iv) Net loss per share										
Net loss per share - GAAP, basic and diluted	\$	(0.12)	\$	(0.07)	\$	(0.21)	\$	(0.17)		
Adjustments to GAAP net loss per share (as detailed above)		0.04		0.05		0.08		0.10		
Net loss per share - Non-GAAP, basic and diluted	\$	(0.08)	\$	(0.02)	\$	(0.13)	\$	(0.07)		

These non-GAAP financial measures exclude the following items:

- (a) Depreciation expense: We provide non-GAAP information which excludes depreciation expense related to the depreciation of property and equipment. We believe that eliminating this expense from our non-GAAP measures is useful to investors, because the acquisition of property and equipment, and the corresponding depreciation expense, can be inconsistent in amount and can vary from period to period.
- (b) Stock-based compensation expense: We provide non-GAAP information which excludes expenses for stock-based compensation. We believe the exclusion of this item allows for financial results that are more indicative of our operations. We also believe that the exclusion of stock-based compensation expense provides for a better comparison of Codexis' operating results to prior periods as the calculations of stock-based compensation vary from period to period and company to company due to different valuation methodologies, subjective assumptions and the variety of award types.

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